A Bibliography of Books on Shake-speare's Sonnets in Order of Publication Date:

prepared by Stephanie Hopkins Hughes (1999)


Butler was more a writer of fiction than an academic, which lends his opinions a certain weight. However, he was writing before the bulk of the definitive research had been done. His book offers an insight into how the question was seen a hundred years ago.


As a creative writer himself, Shaw is very enjoyable when he is describing Shakespeare. His opinions on the identities of the Fair Youth, etc., are limited by the incomplete research of the time.


Hotson is one of the most interesting of the Shakespeare scholars. He's a good writer himself, very entertaining, and filled with information. His dating scheme, however (late 80s with Sonnet 107 referring to the Armada in ‘88) is an example of the kind of conjecture offered by the best scholars before replicated dating tests brought consensus.


A 1950s academic, Hubler takes no stand on the background story but has valuable insights on the poet’s attitudes and the predominant themes of the Sonnets.


Always an interesting and sensitive commentator on Shakespeare, Knight writes chiefly from a psychological viewpoint. He takes no stand on identities.


Perhaps the third most important book on this list. Goes into detail on the connections between Jean de Meun's thirteenth century classic on the theme of Courtly love, the Roman de la Rose and Shakespeare's belief as expressed in all his works that romantic/sexual love was sacred and can lead to salvation.


Although Barber feels the true story of the Sonnets can’t be known, he gives a marvelous explanation of their eternal appeal, comparing the way Shakespeare follows his preferred structure to a figure skater performing classical turns and jumps. Extremely informative.

Fiedler examines the Sonnets in the context of Love’s Labors Lost and Venus and Adonis, tracing themes to be found in all three, such as the division of love into good love (the Youth’s) and bad love (the Dark Lady’s).


One of the most entertaining pieces I’ve ever read on Shakespeare, witty, informed and wise. A sample: “Instead of acquiring a wife and transferring his beauty to a successor, the youth has acquired the poet’s mistress and transferred his patronage to a second poet.”


An in-depth examination, often line by line, of connections between Shakespeare’s sonnets, the other sonnets of the period and *Edward II*, with many references to other studies and to earlier sonnets in French and Italian, and thereby dating the Sonnets to 1592-96. The most important book on the dating question. Utterly convincing.


Wilson's book was widely read. However, because he adhered to E.K. Chamber's dating of the plays, he was forced to date the *Sonnets* late, which then forced him to accept Pembroke as the Fair Youth. Too bad he hadn’t read Schaar before he published.


A biography of Southampton that includes a chapter on the sonnets. Akrigg is among those who replicated the stylistic tests of Isaac and Davis, confirming their dates.

1972  Wait, R.J.C. *The Background to Shakespeare’s Sonnets.* London: Chatto & Windus.

Interesting because it contains a considerable amount of historical detail which he uses to make points about the events behind various sonnets.


A bibliography of books of and about the sonnets. I am still looking for one that's more up to date.


A fascinating study of the sexual puns in the *Sonnets*. Once they’re pointed out it’s impossible to ignore them or believe they could have been unintentional.

An example of the best kind of criticism. Goes into three of the sonnets in detail, bringing a great deal of fascinating information and scholarship to bear, supplying the reader with much that can be used to read the rest of them. But no comments on the backstory.


The second most useful book for this study. Muir goes into detail on all the facets of the problems he sees with the issues covered in this paper. His logic, common sense, absence of personal agenda and attention to detail give his opinions added weight.


Rowse is annoyingly opinionated as always, but facts are facts. He deserves much credit for uncovering the facts about Emilia Bassano Lanier. His reasons for her purpose in publishing should be taken seriously. It includes her poem and its potent feminist introduction.


As a former senior editor with Farrar, Straus and Giroux, the author is a reader, not an academic, which may give him a certain freedom in his thinking. Absolutely the best and most complete book on the subject the one to read if there's no time for more. He includes a section where he lists the poems in terms of their topics (35 43). This is helpful in fixing what events may have inspired them.


All the sonnets with his interpretation of each. Irritatingly opinionated, but, as an historian, at least Rowse is willing to deal with the story. His dedicatee (Mr. W.H.) is William Hall and his Rival Poet is Marlowe; he follows the mainstream in everything else. Includes a blurb on Emilia Lanier as the Dark Lady.


An essay that examines the way Shakespeare combines sexual and economic imagery; dense terminology, but with useful insights.


Lit crit twaddle. One sentence, chosen at random: “A rhetoric that derives its performative capability from its disturbance of conventional usage has itself become conventional usage, thereby requiring a further disturbance to maintain its mimetic advantage.” If one must translate, one would prefer having to wrestle with the French, Latin or even Greek that the Victorians loved to quote without translating. That at least offers some reward.
1987  **Pequigney, Joseph.** *Such is My Love.* Chicago: UCP.

Promotes the view that the *Sonnets* are love poems celebrating a fully sexual relationship between two consenting males. Offers a satisfying argument that they were published in the order as written.

1993  **Green, Martin.** *Wriothesley's Roses.* Baltimore: Clevedon.

An in-depth look at Southampton’s family history, including the most detailed biography of his grandfather, the First Earl, I've yet seen. Well-documented, thoroughly researched and convincing.


A critical study of Lanier’s work, this book also provides information on her life not available elsewhere, including her foster child relationship with the Countess of Kent. She ignores the Dark Lady theory.


Primarily about the family, but with a detailed chapter on Emilia Bassano’s claim to Dark Ladyship.

**ARTICLES AND LECTURES**


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Note: These are the books and articles I read while preparing for the lecture on the *Sonnets* given at the 1999 Shakespeare Oxford conference in Newton, Mass. I didn’t include all of these in the Works Cited in “The Story of the *Sonnets*” because I didn’t have reason to quote them in the essay. Nor are they all the books or articles I read for that lecture, but (all but one of) these are the ones I believe have the most to offer other researchers.